

1935, ch. 574, sec. 75.

**75.** Punishment for a contempt, specified in Section 74, may be by fine, not exceeding one hundred (\$100) dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding fifteen days, in the jail of the County where the Court is sitting, or both, in the discretion of the court. Where a person is committed to jail, for the non-payment of such a fine, he must be discharged at the expiration of fifteen days; but where he is also committed for a definite time, the fifteen days must be computed from the expiration of the definite time.

1935, ch. 574, sec. 76.

**76.** When used in this sub-title, and for the purposes of this sub-title

(a) A case shall be held to involve or to grow out of a labor dispute when the case involves persons who are engaged in a single industry, trade or craft, or occupation; or who are employees of one employer; or who are members of the same or an affiliated organization of employers or employees, whether such dispute is (1) between one or more employers or associations of employers and one or more employees or associations of employees; (2) between one or more employers or associations of employers and one or more employers or associations of employers; or (3) between one or more employees or associations of employees and one or more employees or associations of employees; or when the case involves any conflicting or competing interest in a "Labor dispute (as hereinafter defined) of persons participating or interested" therein (as hereinafter defined).

(b) A person or association (3) shall be held to be a person participating or interested in a labor dispute if relief is sought against him or it and if he or it is engaged in the industry, trade craft, or occupation in which such dispute occurs, or is a member, officer, or agent of any association of employers or employees engaged in such industry, trade, craft, or occupation.

(c) The term "Labor dispute" includes any controversy concerning terms or conditions of employment, or concerning the association or representations of person in negotiation, fixing, maintaining, changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment, or concerning employment relations or any other controversy arising out of the respective interests of employer or employee, regardless of whether or not the disputants stand in the proximate relation of employer or employee.

1935, ch. 574, sec. 77.

**77.** If any provision of this sub-title or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this sub-title and the application of such provisions to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Sec. 2, ch. 574 of acts of 1935 repealed all laws inconsistent therewith to extent of such inconsistency.